T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Index to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended March 31, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of T'Sou-ke First Nation and all the information in this report are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Chief and Council of T'Sou-ke First Nation.

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Financial statements are not precise since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances, in order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects.

The T'Sou-ke First Nation Council maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls of high quality, consistent with reasonable cost. Such systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and the Band's assets are appropriately accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The T'Sou-ke First Nation Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements. The Chief and Council meet periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the annual report, the consolidated financial statements and the external auditors' report. The Chief and Council takes this information into consideration when approving the financial statements for issuance to the Members. The Chief and Council also appoint the engagement of the external auditors.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited on behalf of the members by Uvision Professional Corporation, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) Uvision Professional Corporation have full access to the Chief and Council.

Chief

Councillor

Councillor

Councillor

Sooke, BC August 16, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION (the First Nation), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated results of its operations and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS)

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Financial information for Qemqomet Development Limited Partnership (Operating as CEK SNANET CENTER) for the period of January 01 to March 31, 2022 was not available at the audit report date. We were unable to determine whether adjustments to investments in Nation business entities, earnings from investments in Nation business entities, surplus(deficit) and accumulated surplus were necessary.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Victoria, British Columbia August 16, 2022 CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position March 31, 2022

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 6,068,861	\$ 4,341,667
Investments (Note 4)	1,625,414	1,605,993
Ottawa Trust (Note 7)	2,776	2,726
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	2,270,749	1,800,202
Due from related parties (Note 13)	200,000	-
Investment in First Nation business enterprise (Note 6)	2,551,200	2,399,841
	12,719,000	10,150,429
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 9)	939,939	359,045
Deferred income	1,583	-
Long term debt (Note 10)	342,821	455,088
	1,284,343	814,133
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	11,434,657	9,336,296
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Inventory	_	_
Prepaid expenses	19,257	34,456
Tangible capital assets (Note 8)	3,432,042	
	3,451,299	2,563,771
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (NOTE 11)	\$ 14,885,915	\$ 11,900,066

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Note 12)

APPROVED BY THE CHIEF AND COUNCIL

Chief

Chief

Councillor

Chief Counciller

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus Year Ended March 31, 2022

	2022 Budget	2022	2021
REVENUES			
Indigenous Services Canada	\$ 2,070,345	\$ 2,677,134	\$ 2,011,377
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	92,591	90,051	190,589
Federal - Other	1,751,915	2,517,517	1,251,024
Provincial	533,491	533,288	12,585
Ottawa Trust	-	698	648
Rental	184,490	193,689	193,504
Other	4,741,569	3,938,314	5,039,237
Equity in earnings (loss) of business enterprise	-	171,250	475,147
	9,374,401	10,121,941	9,174,111
EXPENSES			
Band	6,921,152	3,978,789	3,166,071
Health and social services	936,612	1,292,659	983,734
Education and training	801,144	827,127	691,075
Public works	1,326,419	628,907	739,367
Capital projects	45,100	45,100	35,808
Housing	362,301	363,510	395,573
	10,392,728	7,136,092	6,011,628
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	(1,018,327)	2,985,849	3,162,483
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF			
YEAR	11,900,066	11,900,066	8,737,583
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF			
YEAR (Note 11)	\$ 10,881,739	\$ 14,885,915	\$ 11,900,066

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended March 31, 2022

		Budget 2022	2022	2021
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$	(1,018,327)	\$ 2,985,849	\$ 3,162,483
Amortization of tangible capital assets (Note 8) Purchase of tangible capital assets (Note 8) Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Adjustment to tangible capital assets		330,000 1,100,000 15,000	359,416 (1,227,175) 15,198 (34,927)	301,048 (928,437) (14,160)
	_	1,445,000	(887,488)	(641,549)
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		426,673	2,098,361	2,520,935
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	9,336,296	9,336,296	6,815,361
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR (Note 3)	\$	9,762,969	\$ 11,434,657	\$ 9,336,296

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended March 31, 2022

,	2022	2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Annual surplus	\$ 2,985,849	\$ 3,162,483
Items not affecting cash:	070.440	
Amortization of tangible capital assets Share of income from First Nation controlled entities	359,416	301,048
Adjustment to tangible capital assets	(171,250)	(475,147)
Accrued interest on long term loans	(34,927)	-
Accided interest on long term loans	359	-
	3,139,447	2,988,384
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(470,547)	(27,759)
Ottawa Trust	50	(37)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred income	580,895	(379,169)
Prepaid expenses	1,583	(4.4.450)
Frepaid expenses	15,199	(14,159)
	127,180	(421,124)
Cash flow from operating activities	3,266,627	2,567,260
INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(1,227,163)	(928,437)
Cash flow used by investing activity	(1,227,163)	(928,437)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Advances to related parties	(200,000)	-
Repayment of long term debt	(112,270)	(110,374)
Cash flow used by financing activities	(312,270)	(110,374)
NCREASE IN CASH FLOW	1,727,194	1,528,449
Cash - beginning of year	4,341,667	2,813,218
CASH - END OF YEAR (Note 3)	\$ 6,068,861	\$ 4,341,667

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

T'Sou-ke First Nation (the "First Nation") is located in the province of British Columbia, and its principal purpose is to provide for the well-being of its band member. T'Sou-ke First Nation includes the First Nation's members, government and all the related entities that are accountable to and are controlled by the First Nation.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements are the representation of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of Canada and including the following significant accounting policies.

Reporting entity and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of entities which are controlled by the First Nation. Controlled entities are consolidated, except for government business enterprises and government business partnerships, which are accounted for by the modified equity method. All inter-fund and inter-organization transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

(a) Consolidated entities:

The First Nation has consolidated the assets, liabilities, and results of operations for the following entities:

- T'Sou-ke First Nation Government Administration
- T'Sou-ke First Nation Trusts Fund
- T'Sou-ke First Nation CMHC Housing Program Fund
- (b) Investment in government business enterprises and partnerships:

The First Nation records its investments in government business enterprises (GBE) and government business partnerships (GBP) on a modified equity basis. Under the modified equity basis, the GBE's and GBP's accounting policies are not adjusted to conform with those of the First Nation and inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated. The First Nation recognizes its equity interest in the annual earnings or loss of the GBE's and GBP's in its consolidated statement of operations with a corresponding increase or decrease in its investment asset account. Any dividends or other cash distributions that the First Nation may receive from the GBE's and GBP's will be reflected as deductions in the investment asset account.

The First Nation's government business enterprise investment consists of the following, with a 100% interest:

Daxet Development Corporation (Original T'Sou-ke Development Corporation)

The First Nation's government business enterprise investment consists of the following, with a 20% interest:

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd.

The First Nation's government business partnership investment consists of the following, with a 99.99% interest:

- Qemgomet Development Limited Partnership (Operating as CEK SNANET CENTER)
- (c) Investments that are accounted for using the cost basis of accounting:

Investments in entities in which the First Nation does not control individually or jointly are recorded at acquisition cost. If there has been an other than temporary decline in the value of an investment, the investment is written down to its net realizable value. Investments in entities in which the First Nation does not control but has joint control or significant influence in operations are accounted for, similar to government business partnerships, using the modified equity method.

BC First Nations Gaming Revenue Sharing Limited Partnership

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks net of bank overdrafts and term deposits having a maturity of three months or less at acquisition which are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments.

Investments

Investments are recorded at cost, unless the market value of temporary investments has declined below cost, in which case they are written down to market value. Investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at acquisition cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis at the following rates and methods:

Infrastructure	20 years	straight-line method
Band/Social housing	20 years	straight-line method
Boats	10 years	straight-line method
Motor vehicles	5 years	straight-line method
Computer equipment	5 years	straight-line method
Playground	10 years	straight-line method
Photovolt systems	15 years	straight-line method
Housing betterments	10 years	straight-line method
Equipment	5 years	straight-line method

Tangible capital assets are written down when associated output indicate that they are no longer contribute to the Band's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

Tangible capital assets under construction, development or acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are available to be put into service.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reserve Funds

Reserve funds represent the replacement and operating reserve funds required under the terms of the agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized in the period as it becomes receivable under the terms of applicable funding agreements. Revenue received under the funding arrangements which relates to a subsequent fiscal period is reflected as deferred revenue in the year of receipt and classified as such on the statement of financial position.

Government transfers and grant revenue are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when the transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

Contributions from other sources are deferred when restrictions are placed on their use by the contributor, and are recognized as revenue when used for the specific purpose.

Revenue related to fees or services received in advance of the fee being earned or the service is performed is deferred and recognized when the fee is earned or service performed.

Asset classification

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not normally provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale in the normal course of operations. Non-financial assets include tangible capital assets.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

T'Sou-ke First Nation's financial instruments consist of cash, investments, accounts receivable, bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accruals, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the First Nation is not exposed to significant currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of the instruments approximates their carrying values, unless otherwise noted.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the First Nation manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The First Nation is exposed to interest rate price risk on its loans with fixed interest rates and on its investment portfolio consisting partially of fixed income securities.

Segments:

The First Nation conducts its business through a number of operating segments. These operating segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the First Nation's long-term objectives, to aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance. For each reported segment, revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

3.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		 2022	2021
	Unrestricted - Operating Restricted - CMHC Operating Restricted - CMHC Replacement reserve Restricted - CMHC Operating reserve	\$ 5,388,668 283,897 253,781 142,515	\$ 3,783,546 162,616 253,274 142,231
		\$ 6,068,861	\$ 4,341,667

Under the terms of an agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, the Replacement Reserve account is to be credited in the amount of \$24,000 (2021 - \$24,000) annually. These funds are to be held in a separate bank account and invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as otherwise approved by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation with any interest earned to be credited as revenue to the Replacement and Operating Fund.

Under the terms of the agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, the Operating Reserve account is to be credited with any surplus amount in phase 4 to 9, based on the minimum rent calculation.

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

	Investments consist of the following Guaranteed Investment Cer	······	, ,		
		-	2022	_	2021
	GIC with maturity date on April 06, 2022 and earning interest at 0.45% per annum. This GIC is non-				
	redeemable.	\$	1,105,613	\$	1,087,488
	GIC with maturity date on January 06, 2023 and earning				
	interest at 0.5% per annum. This GIC is redeemable.	_	519,801		518,50
		<u>\$</u>	1,625,414	\$	1,605,993
	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE				
		::	2022		2021
	Federal government Indigenous Services Canada	\$	188,706	\$	44 42
	Accounts Receivable Fisheries	Φ	1,911,088	Φ	41,43 1,250,42
	Accounts Receivable CSETS		16,124		21,22
	Accounts Receivable - FNESC		3,116		82,47
	Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	_	7,033		7,03
	Subtotal Other		2,126,067		1,402,594
	Members		250		98,646
	Accounts Receivable		140,427		293,662
	A/R Social Development Clients		4,005 -		5,300 -
		•	2,270,749	\$	1,800,202

The First Nation has investments in the following enterprises:

	Investment Cost				Accumulative share of earnings		Total Investment	
Daxet Development Corporation	\$	1	\$	1,947,995	\$	86,789	\$	2,034,784
Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd.	\$	2			\$	516,306	\$	516,308
BC First Nations Gaming Revenue Sharing LP							\$	110
							\$	2,551,202

(continues)

2022

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

6. INVESTMENT IN FIRST NATION BUSINESS ENTERPRISES (continued)

	Daxet Development	Salish Strait		
	Corporation	Seafoods Ltd.	2022	2021
Total assets	5,624,366	3,128,718	8,753,084	8,320,326
Total Liabilities	5,537,575	514,689	6,052,264	6,005,081
	86,791	2,614,029	2,700,820	2,315,245
Total revenue	7,732,498	1,527,821	9,260,319	8,252,333
Total expenses	7,664,039	1,098,205	8,762,244	8,126,363
Net income (loss)	68,459	429,616	498,075	125,970

The financial information for Daxet Development Corporation provided in this note is for the period ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for the year ended March 31, 2021. The nation filed a formal request for change of year end with the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). At the date of this audit report, the result from the CRA is pending.

Starting January 01, 2022, the business operation under Daxet Development Corporation was moved to Qemqomet Development Limited Partnership. As of the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, the financial information from the period of January 01, 2022 to March 31, 2022 for Daxet Development Corporation and Qemqomet Development LP, is not available.

7. OTTAWA TRUST FUNDS

The trust funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

	-	2022	2021
Capital Trust Balance, beginning and end of year	\$	2,077	\$ 2,077
Revenue Trust Balance, beginning of year Interest		649 698	612 648
Distribution Balance, end of year		(648) 699	(611) 649
	\$	2,776	\$ 2,726

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

8. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Cost	_	2021 Balance		Additions		Disposals		2022 Balance
Photo- voltaic Systems Fish Boat	\$	780,000 291,766	\$	- 261,500	\$	_	\$	780,000 553,266
Health Building		295,936		201,300		-		295,936
Automotive		224,753		47,693		_		272,446
Office Equipment		22,762		-		-		22,762
Band Hall		42,502		_		_		42,502
Fish Loft		59,906		-		_		59,906
Sum Sha Thut Lellum		94,089		-		-		94,089
Playground Equipment		58,950		_		-		58,950
Wasabi Greenhouse		648,000		_		-		648,000
Band Housing		1,018,600		_		1,018,600		-
Social Housing		2,472,918		-		-		2,472,918
Housing Betterments		170,776		-		-		170,776
Construction Development - health								
building		-		570,228		-		570,228
Construction Development - Grave								
pit		-		200,000		-		200,000
Health Equipment		12,274		-		*		12,274
Salish Sea Initiative		599,742		-		-		599,742
Construction Development (Sewer								
Line)	_			147,754		-		147,754
	\$	6,792,974	\$	1,227,175	\$	1,018,600	\$	7,001,549
		0004				cumulated		
Assume ulated Association		2021				mortization		2022
Accumulated Amortization	_	Balance	A	mortization	or	Disposals		Balance
Photo- voltaic Systems	\$	624,000	\$	52,000	\$	_	\$	676,000
Fish Boat	Ψ	183,848	Ψ	54,258	Ψ	_	Ψ	238,106
Health Building		91,253		14,797		_		106,050
Automotive		115,501		27,784		_		143,285
Office Equipment		10,518		2,721		_		13,239
Band Hall		42,502		_,		_		42,502
Fish Loft		59,906		_		_		59,906
Sum Sha Thut Lellum		94,089		_		_		94,089
Playground Equipment		56,660		2,290		-		58,950
Wasabi Greenhouse		226,800		32,400		_		259,200
Band Housing		973,526		-		973,526		-
Social Housing		1,620,483		123,646		-		1,744,129
Housing Betterments		68,310		17,078		-		85,388
Health Equipment		1,227		2,455		-		3,682
Salish Sea Initiative		14,994		29,987				44,981
	\$	4,183,617	\$	359,416	\$	973,526	\$	3,569,507

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

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8.	TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (continued) Net book value		2022		2021
	Photo- voltaic Systems Fish Boat Health Building Automotive Office Equipment Playground Equipment Wasabi Greenhouse Band Housing Social Housing Housing Betterments Construction Development - health building Construction Development - Gravel pit Health Equipment Salish Sea Initiative Construction Development (Sewer Line)	* *	104,000 315,160 189,886 129,161 9,523 - 388,800 - 728,789 85,388 570,228 200,000 8,592 554,761 147,754	\$	156,000 27,877 204,683 109,252 12,244 2,290 421,200 45,074 852,435 102,465 - 11,047 584,748
-		<u> </u>	0,402,042	Ψ	2,020,010
9.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES				
		_	2022		2021
	Accrued salaries and benefits payable Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities CMHC - Accounts payable	\$	45,213 889,081 5,645	\$	55,543 296,783 6,719
		\$	939,939	\$	359,045
_					
10.	LONG TERM DEBT				
		_	2022		2021
	CMHC (#19360056001) loan bearing interest at 0.98% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,945. The loan matures on February 1, 2025. CMHC (#19360056002) loan bearing interest at 1.13% per	\$	67,081	\$	89,643
	annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$785. The loan matures on May 1, 2026. CMHC (#19360056003) loan bearing interest at 1.3% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,694.		38,321		47,253
	The loan matures on June 1, 2027. CMHC (#19360056004) loan bearing interest at 2.52% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,595.		103,142		122,004
	The loan matures on August 1, 2023.		26,602		44,821
					(continues)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

10.	LONG TERM DEBT (continued)		2022	2021
	CMHC (#19360056005) loan bearing interest at 1.86% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$3,002. The loan matures on January 1, 2023. CMHC (#19360056006) loan bearing interest at 0.76% per		29,755	64,867
	annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$767. The loan matures on December 1, 2030.	_	77,920	86,500
		\$	342,821	\$ 455,088
	Principal repayment terms are approximately:			
	2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ 	107,856 68,035 58,852 38,038 30,639 39,401	

11. Accumulated Surplus (Deficit)

	Operating		Trust	Housing	2022	2021
Accumulated Surplus at the beginning of the year	\$ 10,833,07	5 ¢	2.726	\$ 1.064.265	\$ 11,900,066	\$ 8,737,583
Annual Surplus (Deficit) Distribution	3,013,02 648	1	698 (648)	(27,870)	2,985,849	3,162,483
	\$ 13,846,744	\$	2,776 \$	1,036,395 \$	14,885,915 \$	11,900,066

12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The First Nation has a contingent liability of \$2,911,964 for various on-reserve housing loan guarantees.

The First Nation is contingently liable for \$3,278,705 with respect to loans from Bank of Montreal should Daxet Development Corporation (borrower) default on the loans.

Various lawsuits have been filed against the Band which arose in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the outcome of the lawsuits, is not determinable. Should any loss result from the resolution of these claims, such loss will be charged to operations in the year of resolution.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

13. DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES

	 2022	2021
Qemqomet Development Limited Partnership	\$ 200,000	\$

Advances to a related entity are unsecured, bear no interest, and have no fixed repayment terms.

14. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The following is a summary of expenses by object

	-	2022	2021
Section heading			
Wages and benefits	\$	1,146,373	\$ 1,046,796
Consultants and professional fees		987,923	604,091
Interest and bank charges		5,705	8,448
Material and program expenses		801,150	724,103
Depreciation		359,414	301,048
Travel		63,016	31,073
Telephone and utilities		49,678	45,173
Repairs and maintenance		285,607	252,196
Insurance		89,236	81,867
Other	-	3,347,990	2,916,833
	\$	7,136,092	\$ 6,011,628

15. COVID - 19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and the measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national and global economies.

The First Nation has amended its operations in order to continue to deliver services during this pandemic. Management is actively monitoring the effect on its financial condition, liquidity, operations and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the First Nation is not able to fully estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity at this time.

16. BUDGET FIGURES

The budget figures were not audited nor reviewed but compiled from information provided by First Nation management.

17. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2022

18. SEGMENTS

T'Sou-ke First Nation provides a range of services to its members. For management reporting purposes, operations and activities are organized and reported by program. Programs were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Band - Includes government activities of Chief and Council and band support and membership. It oversees the delivery of all government services including ensuring that adequate policies and procedures are in place to safeguard assets and to properly report financial activities.

Health services - Contains activities that provide medical services to the First Nation members.

Education and training - Includes activities that provide education to the First Nation members for primary, secondary schooling and reimbursement of tuition costs and living and other allowances to students who are attending post-secondary institutions.

Public works - Contains all activities that relate to the maintenance of buildings, road, infrastructure, and land of the First Nation.

Capital projects - Includes major capital projects and activities occurring in the First Nation during the year.

Housing - Includes activities related to the provision of Band owned housing to the members of the Nation and CMHC program housing to the members of the Nation

Schedule 1 discloses the details of the First Nation's Revenue and expenses by segment.

Year Ended March 31, 2022 T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Segment Disclosure (Schedule 1)

	Band 2022	Band 2021		Health 2022	Health 2021	Educa Tra 2(Education and Training 2022	Edu	Education and Training 2021
REVENUES Cariota Caralle	() () () () () () () () () ()	() () () () () () () () () ()							
indigenous Services Canada Federal - Other	\$ 768,526 1,362,050	\$ 570,553 97,001	₩	588,732 922,732	\$ 504,891 923,485	€9	682,401 232.735	↔	455,808 230,538
Rental Other	39,168 4,118,358	32,328 3,928,323		41,160	25,440		319,527		267,465
	6,288,102	4,628,205		1,552,624	1,453,816		1,234,663		953,811
EXPENSES									
Wages and benefits Consultants and professional	463,906	439,060		336,192	247,321	-	262,452		272,950
fees	176,999	(32.165)	_	,	•		31 887		1 0/0
Interest and bank charges Material and program	899	1,369		•	•		5 .		2
sesuedxe	52,041	58,648		616.492	387,444		102 830		62 632
Depreciation	201,606	127,746		14,797	16,025		2.290		5,895
Other	3,083,569	2,571,413		325,178	332,944		427,668		347,649
	3,978,789	3,166,071		1,292,659	983,734		827,127		691,075
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ 2,309,313	\$ 1,462,134	↔	259,965	\$ 470,082	€9	407,536	€9	262,736

Year Ended March 31, 2022 **T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION** Segment Disclosure (Schedule 1 continued)

	Pu	Public Works 2022	P.	Public Works 2021		Capital Projects 2022		Capital Projects 2021		Housing 2022	т	Housing 2021
REVENUES												
Indigenous Services Canada	⇔	530,858	↔	458,738	↔	106,617	₩	35,808	↔	ı	↔	ı
Housing Corporation		5,000		15,000		ı				85,051		175,589
Kental Other		163,714		952.878		1 1				154,521 791		161,176
		699,572		1,426,616		106,617		35,808		240,363		675,855
EXPENSES												
Wages and benefits Consultants and professional		83,822		87,465				,		1		
fees		282,929		192,698						170.754		240.508
Interest and bank charges Material and program						1		1		5,037		7,080
expenses		29,787		215,379								
Depreciation Other		232,369		243,825		45,100		35,808		140,723 46,996		110,373 37,612
	ļ	628,907		739,367		45,100		35,808		363,510		395,573
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	↔	70,665	₩	687,249	↔	61,517	↔		69	(123,147)	69	280.282

Appendix A - Expected Form of Report

To the Members of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION

Report on the Consolidated Financial Information

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial information of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION (the First Nation), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial information, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial information present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated results of its operations and consolidated cash flow for the period then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial information in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial information in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial information that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial information, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Information

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial information as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this consolidated financial information.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial information, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Appendix A (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial information or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial information, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial information represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Societies Act of British Columbia, we report that, in our opinion, the accounting policies applied in preparing and presenting the consolidated financial information in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.