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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of T'Sou-ke First Nation and all the information in this report are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Chief and Council of T'Sou-ke First Nation.

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Financial statements are not precise since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances, in order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects.

The T'Sou-ke First Nation Council maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls of high quality, consistent with reasonable cost. Such systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and the Band's assets are appropriately accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The T'Sou-ke First Nation Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements. The Chief and Council meet periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the annual report, the consolidated financial statements and the external auditors' report. The Chief and Council takes this information into consideration when approving the financial statements for issuance to the Members. The Chief and Council also appoint the engagement of the external auditors.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited on behalf of the members by Uvision Professional Corporation, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Uvision Professional Corporation have full access to the Chief and Council.

Chief

Councillor

Councillor

Councillor

Sooke, BC October 07, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION (the First Nation), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2021, and the consolidated results of its operations and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

T'Sou-ke First Nation holds investments in business enterprises and limited partnership. We were unable to satisfy ourselves as to the carrying value of one of these investments because the 2021 financial information had not made available during the audit process. Consequently, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to the recording of this investment, the net income or loss derived from this enterprise for the year ended March 31, 2021.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Victoria, British Columbia October 7, 2021 CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Meision

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position March 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash (Note 3)	\$	5,947,660	\$ 4,419,213
Ottawa Trust (Note 6)		2,726	2,689
Accounts receivable (Note 4)		1,800,202	1,772,443
Investment in First Nation business enterprises (Note 5)		2,399,841	1,924,694
	_1	0,150,429	8,119,039
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable (Note 8)		359,045	738,215
Long term debt (Note 9)		455,088	565,463
		,	000,100
		814,133	1,303,678
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		9,336,296	6,815,361
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Prepaid expenses		34,456	20,297
Tangible capital assets (Note 7)		2,529,315	1,901,926
		2,563,771	1,922,223
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (NOTE 10)	\$ 11	1,900,066	\$ 8,737,583
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Note 11)			
APPROVED BY THE CHIEF AND COUNCIL Chief Councillor	in	300	Councillor Councillor

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION **Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus** Year Ended March 31, 2021

		Budget (Unaudited)	2021	2020
REVENUES				
Total ISC Revenue	\$	1,465,273	\$ 2,011,377	\$ 1,548,501
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation		179,300	190,589	108,365
Federal - Other		1,241,034	1,251,024	1,485,457
Provincial		10,000	12,585	41,517
Ottawa Trust		630	648	635
Rental		168,690	193,504	191,775
Other		4,701,642	5,039,237	3,652,535
Equity in earnings (loss) of business enterprises	-		 475,147	(5,219)
	_	7,766,569	9,174,111	7,023,566
EXPENSES				
Band		4,989,462	3,166,071	2,663,477
Health and social services		1,692,434	983,734	1,117,166
Education and training		802,463	691,075	509,702
Public works		960,155	739,367	439,552
Capital projects		35,808	35,808	172,608
Housing	_	143,111	395,573	330,660
		8,623,433	6,011,628	5,233,165
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		(856,864)	3,162,483	1,790,401
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF				
YEAR	_	8,737,583	8,737,583	6,947,182
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF				
YEAR (Note 10)	\$	7,880,719	\$ 11,900,066	\$ 8,737,583

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended March 31, 2021

	Budget (unaudited)	2021	2020
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ (856,864	4) \$ 3,162,483	\$ 1,790,401
Purchase of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Net(acquisition) use of prepaid expenses and	-	(928,437) -	- 1,311,128
deposits Amortization of tangible capital assets Advances to related First Nation entities Demand loans	296,000	(14,160) 301,048 - -	618 291,579 - -
	296,000	(641,549)	1,603,325
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	(560,864	1) 2,520,935	3,393,726
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,815,361	6,815,361	3,421,635
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,254,497	y \$ 9,336,296	\$ 6,815,361

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended March 31, 2021

	_	2021		2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Annual surplus	\$	3,162,483	\$	1,790,401
Item not affecting cash:	•	0,102,100	•	.,. 00, 101
Amortization of tangible capital assets	_	301,048		291,579
	_	3,463,531		2,081,980
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Ottawa Trust		(37)		54
Accounts receivable		(27,759)		(1,233,087)
Prepaid expenses		(14,159)		618
Accounts payable	_	(379,169)		559,650
	_	(421,124)		(672,765)
Cash flow from operating activities	_	3,042,407		1,409,215
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(928,437)		_
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets				1,311,128
Assets under construction		-		-
Cash flow from (used by) investing activities		(928,437)		1,311,128
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Investment in First Nation business enterprise		(475,147)		1,168,687
Repayment of long term debt		(110,374)		(108,954)
Demand loans		-		(3,093,381)
	-			(0,000,00.7
Cash flow used by financing activities	_	(585,521)		(2,033,648)
INCREASE IN CASH FLOW		1,528,449		686,695
Cash - beginning of year	_	4,419,211		3,732,518
CASH - END OF YEAR (Note 3)	\$	5,947,660	\$	4,419,213

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

T'Sou-ke First Nation (the "First Nation") is located in the province of British Columbia, and its principal purpose is to provide for the well-being of its band member. T'Sou-ke First Nation includes the First Nation's members, government and all the related entities that are accountable to and are controlled by the First Nation.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements are the representation of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of Canada and including the following significant accounting policities.

Reporting entity and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of entities which are controlled by the First Nation. Controlled entities are consolidated, except for government business enterprises and government business partnerships, which are accounted for by the modified equity method. All inter-fund and inter-organization transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

(a) Consolidated entites:

The First Nation has consolidated the assets, liabilities, and results of operations for the following entities:

- T'Sou-ke First Nation Government Administration
- T'Sou-ke First Nation Trusts Fund
- T'Sou-ke First Nation CMHC Housing Program Fund
- (b) Investment in government business enterprises and partnerships:

The First Nation records its investments in government business enterprises (GBE) and government business partnerships (GBP) on a modified equity basis. Under the modified equity basis, the GBE's and GBP's accounting policies are not adjusted to conform with those of the First Nation and inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated. The First Nation recognizes its equity interest in the annual earnings or loss of the GBE's and GBP's in its consolidated statement of operations with a corresponding increase or decrease in its investment asset account. Any dividends or other cash distributions that the First Nation may receive from the GBE's and GBP's will be reflected as deductions in the investment asset account.

The First Nation's government business enterprise investment consists of the following, with a 100% interest:

Daxet Development Corporation (Original T'Sou-ke Development Corporation)

The First Nation's government business enterprise investment consists of the following, with a 20% interest:

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd.

The First Nation's government business partnerhship investment consists of the following, with a 99.99% interest:

T'Sou-ke Economic Development Limited Partnership (Inactive)

As at for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, T'Sou-ke Economic Development Limited Partnership had not commenced operations. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements do not include any assets or transactions related to this entity.

(c) Investments:

Investments in entities in which the First Nation does not control individually or jointly are recorded at acquisition cost. If there has been an other than temporary decline in the value of an investment, the investment is written down to its net realizable value. Investments in entities in which the First Nation does not control but has joint control or significant influence in operations are accounted for, similar to government business partnerships, using the modified equity method.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks net of bank overdrafts and term deposits having a maturity of three months or less at acquisition which are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the assets.

Tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis at the following rates and methods:

Infrastructure	20 years	straight-line method
Band/Social housing	20 years	straight-line method
Boats	10 years	straight-line method
Motor vehicles	5 years	straight-line method
Computer equipment		straight-line method
Playground	10 years	straight-line method
Photovolt systems	15 years	straight-line method
Housing betterments	10 years	straight-line method

The First Nation regularly reviews its tangible capital assets to eliminate obsolete items. Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to T'Sou-ke First Nation's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

Contributed capital assets are recorded into revenues at their fair value on the date of donation, except in circumstances where fair value cannot be reasonably determined, in which case they are recognized at nominal value. Transfers of capital assets from related parties are recorded at carrying value.

Certain assets which have historical or cultural value, including works of art, historical documents and historical and cultural artifacts, are not recognized as tangible capital assets. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available to be put into service.

Reserve Funds

Reserve funds represent the replacement and operating reserve funds required under the terms of the agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impracticable.

Government transfers and grant revenue are recognized as the First Nation becomes entitled to the funding under the terms of applicable funding agreements and is recorded in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose specified in the agreements. Restricted funding received which relates to a subsequent fiscal period or which has stipulations that give rise to an obligation are reported as deferred revenue until the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified and/or the stipulations giving rise to an obligation have been met.

Contributions from other sources are deferred when restrictions are placed on their use by the contributor, and are recognized as revenue when used for the specific purpose.

Revenue related to fees or services received in advance of the fee being earned or the service is performed is deferred and recognized when the fee is earned or service performed.

Asset classification

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not normally provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale in the normal course of operations. Non-financial assets include tangible capital assets.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Financial instruments

T'Sou-ke First Nation's financial instruments consist of cash, investments, accounts receivable, bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accruals, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the First Nation is not exposed to significant currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of the instruments approximates their carrying values, unless otherwise noted.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the First Nation manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The First Nation is exposed to interest rate price risk on its loans with fixed interest rates and on its investment portfolio consisting partially of fixed income securities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Segments:

The First Nation conducts its business through a number of operating segments. These operating segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the First Nation's long-term objectives, to aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance. For each reported segment, revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

3.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
٠.	STOTAL STOTAL ENGLAND	_	2021	 2020
	Unrestricted - Operating Restricted - CMHC Operating	\$	5,389,539	\$ 3,757,051
	Restricted - CMHC Replacement reserve		162,616 253,274	264,650 234,681
	Restricted - CMHC Operating reserve	_	142,231	 162,831
		\$	5,947,660	\$ 4,419,213

Under the terms of an agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, T'Sou-ke First Nation must set aside funds annually for the repair, maintenance and replacement of worn out assets. These funds are to be held in a separate bank account and invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as otherwise approved by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation with any interest earned to be credited as revenue to the Replacement and Operating Fund.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	8	2021	2020
Federal government			
Indigenous Services Canada	\$	41,431	\$ 181,934
Accounts Receivable Fisheries		1,250,428	1,449,989
Accounts Receivable CSETS		21,224	19,252
Accounts Receivable - FNESC		82,477	1,350
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation		98,055	7,057
Subtotal	-	1,493,615	1,659,582
Other		,,	,,,
Members		7,625	8.681
Accounts Receivable		293,662	57,000
Accounts Receivable Health		_	40,000
A/R Social Development Clients		5,300	7,180
		-	
	\$	1,800,202	\$ 1,772,443

5. INVESTMENT IN FIRST NATION BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

The First Nation has investments in the following enterprises:

	Investi Co:		Advances	cumulative e of earnings	l	2021 Total nvestment
Daxet Development Corporation	\$	1	\$ 1,947,995	\$ 18,331	\$	1,966,326
Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd.	\$	2		\$ 433,513	\$	433,515
					\$	2.399.841

As of the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, the 2021 financial information for Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd. is not available. The financial information of Salish Strait Seafoods Ltd. is based on the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Daxet Development Corporation

	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total assets	5,448,819	5,668,166
Total Liabilities	5,430,487	5,688,466
	18,332	(20,300)
Total revenue	7,095,516	4,673,035
Total expenses	7,053,884	4,678,254
Net income (loss)	41,632	(5,219)

6. OTTAWA TRUST FUNDS

The trust funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

	_	2021	2020
Capital Trust Balance, beginning and end of year Revenue Trust	\$	2,077	\$ 2,077
Balance, beginning of year Interest Distribution		612 648 (611)	665 635 (688)
Balance, end of year		649	612
	\$	2,726	\$ 2,689

7. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Cost	2	2020 Balance	Additions	D	isposals	2021 Balance
Photo- voltaic Systems Fish Boat Health Building Automotive Office Equipment Band Hall Fish Loft Sum Sha Thut Lellum Playground Equipment Wasabi Greenhouse Band Housing Social Housing Housing Betterments Health Equipment Salish Sea Initiative	\$	780,000 211,725 108,190 109,681 9,158 42,502 59,906 94,089 58,950 648,000 1,018,600 2,472,918 170,776	\$ - - 187,746 115,072 13,604 - - - - - - - - 12,274 599,742	\$	-	\$ 780,000 211,725 295,936 224,753 22,762 42,502 59,906 94,089 58,950 648,000 1,018,600 2,472,918 170,776 12,274
	\$	5,784,495	\$ 928,438	Am	- umulated ortization	\$ 599,742 6,712,933 2021
Accumulated Amortization Photo- voltaic Systems Fish Boat Health Building Automotive Office Equipment	\$	572,000 162,675 81,150	\$ 52,000 21,173 10,103	on [Disposals - - -	\$ 624,000 183,848 91,253
Band Hall Fish Loft Sum Sha Thut Lellum Playground Equipment Wasabi Greenhouse Band Housing Social Housing Housing Betterments Health Equipment Salish Sea Initiative		109,681 9,158 42,502 59,906 89,394 50,765 194,400 962,868 1,496,837 51,233	\$ 5,820 1,360 - - 4,694 5,895 32,400 10,658 123,646 17,078 1,227 14,994		-	115,501 10,518 42,502 59,906 94,088 56,660 226,800 973,526 1,620,483 68,311 1,227 14,994

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

7.	TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (continued) Net book value		2021		2020
	Photo- voltaic Systems Fish Boat Health Building Automotive Office Equipment Sum Sha Thut Lellum	\$	156,000 27,877 204,683 109,252 12,244	\$	208,000 49,050 27,040 -
	Playground Equipment Wasabi Greenhouse Band Housing Social Housing Housing Betterments		2,290 421,200 45,074 852,435 102,465		4,695 8,185 453,600 55,732 976,081 119,543
	Health Equipment Salish Sea Initiative		11,047 584,748		-
		\$	2,529,315	\$	1,901,926
8.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES				
			2021		2020
	Indigenous Services Canada Accrued salaries and benefits payable Other accrued liabilities	\$	- 55,543 303,502	\$	15,000 32,703 690,512
		\$	359,045	\$	738,215
 9.	LONG TERM DEBT				-
Э.	LONG TERM DEBT	_	2021		2020
	CMHC (#19360056001) loan bearing interest at 0.98% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,945. The loan matures on February 1, 2025,	\$	89,643	\$	111,986
	CMHC (#19360056002) loan bearing interest at 1.14% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$785. The loan matures on May 1, 2026.		47,253		56,084
	CMHC (#19360056003) loan bearing interest at 1.3% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,694. The loan matures on June 1, 2027.		122,004		140,628
	CMHC (#19360056004) loan bearing interest at 2.52% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,595. The loan matures on August 1, 2023.		44,821		62,593
)	(continues)
-					

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

9.	LONG TERM DEBT (continued)						
			2021 \$		2020 \$		
	CMHC (#19360056005) loan bearing interest at 1.86% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$3,002. The loan matures on January 1, 2023.		64,867		99,340		
	CMHC (#19360056006) loan bearing interest at 0.76% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$767. The loan matures on December 1, 2030.		96 500		04 932		
	The lear materies on Becomber 1, 2000.	_	86,500	0	94,832		
		<u>\$</u>	455,088	\$	565,463		
	Principal repayment terms are approximately:						
	2022 2023	\$	112,057 107,856				
	2024 2025		68,035				
	2026		58,852 38,038				
	Thereafter		70,250				
11		\$	455,088				
10.	Accumulated Surplus (Deficit)						
	Operating Trust Housing	}	2021		2020 Total		
at ti	the beginning of the	00					
yea	7,630,424 \$ 2,690 \$ 1,104,4	69	\$ 8,737,583	\$	6,947,182		

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Annual Surplus (Deficit)

Distribution

The First Nation has a contingent liability of \$2,922,288 for various on-reserve housing loan guarantees.

648

(612)

3,202,039

\$ 10,833,075 \$

612

(40,204)

2,726 \$ 1,064,265 \$ 11,900,066 \$

3,162,483

1,790,401

8,737,583

The First Nation is contingently liable for \$3,703,747 with respect to loans from Bank of Montreal should Daxet Development Corporation (borrower) default on the loans.

Four lawsuits have been filed against the First Nation arising from one project. The project is the Petro Canada C-Store/Gas Station and Tim Horton's Food Partner Project (the "Project"). The Nation is the owner of the Project. Management cannot determine whether the claims will be successful and cannot estimate the potential loss, if any, no provision for losses has been made in the financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2021

12. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

T'Sou-ke First Nation receives a majority portion of its revenue pursuant to funding arrangements with Government of Canada.

13. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The following is a summary of expenses by object

	_	2021	2020
Section heading			
Wages and benefits	\$	1,046,796	\$ 926,408
Consultants and professional fees		604,091	 1,128,517
Interest and bank charges		8,448	9,886
Material and program expenses		724,103	706,516
Depreciation		301,048	291,578
Travel		31,073	19,007
Telephone and utilities		45,173	44,510
Repairs and maintenance		252,196	378,245
Insurance		81,867	72,322
Other	-	2,916,833	1,656,176
	\$	6,011,628	\$ 5,233,165

14. COVID - 19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and the measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national and global economies.

The First Nation has amended its operations in order to continue to deliver services during this pandemic. Management is actively monitoring the effect on its financial condition, liquidity, operations and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the First Nation is not able to fully estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity at this time.

15. BUDGET FIGURES

The budget figures were not audited nor reviewed but compiled from information provided by First Nation management.

16. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

17. SEGMENTS

T'Sou-ke First Nation provides a range of services to its members. For management reporting purposes, operations and activities are organized and reported by program. Programs were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Band - Includes government activities of Chief and Council and band support and membership. It oversees the delivery of all government services including ensuring that adequate policies and procedures are in place to safeguard assets and to properly report financial activities.

Health services - Contains activities that provide medical services to the First Nation members.

Education and training - Includes activities that provide education to the First Nation members for primary, secondary schooling and reimbursement of tuition costs and living and other allowances to students who are attending post-secondary institutions.

Public works - Contains all activities that relate to the maintenance of buildings, road, infrastructure, and land of the First Nation.

Capital projects - Includes major capital projects and activities occurring in the First Nation during the year.

Housing - Includes activities related to the provision of Band owned housing to the members of the Nation and CMHC program housing to the members of the Nation

Schedule 1 discloses the details of the First Nation's Revenue and expenses by segment.

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Segment Disclosure Year Ended March 31, 2021

(Schedule 1)

		Band 2021		Band 2020	Health 2021	Health 2020	E	fucation and Training 2021	Ec	lucation and Training 2020
REVENUES										
Indigenous Services Canada Federal - Other Rental	\$	97,001 32,328	\$	278,803 459,472 32,590	\$ 504,891 923,485	\$ 256,795 844,826	\$	455,808 230,538 -	\$	470,137 181,159
Other	-	3,928,323	_	2,735,780	25,440	 36,450		267,465		245,789
	_	4,628,205		3,506,645	1,453,816	1,138,071		953,811		897,085
EXPENSES										
Wages and benefits Consultants and professional		439,060		393,012	247,321	183,783		272,950		253,492
fees Interest and bank charges Material and program		(32,165) 1,369		767,590 1,518	-	-		1,949 -		2,970 -
expenses		58,648		223,817	387,444	373,630		62,632		75,315
Depreciation Other	-	127,746 2,003,076		105,576 964,899	16,025 539,596	10,114 623,271		5,895 457,632		5,895 264,480
	-	2,597,734		2,456,412	1,190,386	1,190,798		801,058		602,152
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$	2,030,471	\$	1,050,233	\$ 263,430	\$ (52,727)	\$	152,753	\$	294,933

T'SOU-KE FIRST NATION Segment Disclosure Year Ended March 31, 2021

(Schedule 1 continued)

	P	Public Works 2021	P	ublic Works 2020	Сар	ital Projects 2021	Ca	pital Projects 2020	Housing 2021		Housing 2020	
REVENUES												
Indigenous Services Canada Canada Mortgage and	\$	458,738	\$	370,158	\$	35,808	\$	172,608	\$ -	\$	-	
Housing Corporation		15,000		24,000		-		-	175,589		84,365	
Rental		-		-		-		-	161,176		159,185	
Indigenous Services Canada	-	952,878		164,481				-	339,090		506,968	
	_	1,426,616		558,639		35,808		172,608	675,855		750,518	
EXPENSES												
Wages and benefits Consultants and professional		87,465		96,121		-		-	-		-	
fees		162,465		133,027		-		_	240,508		45,187	
Interest and bank charges Material and program		-		-		-		-	7,080		8,368	
expenses		215,379		33,753		-		_	-		-	
Depreciation		-		-		-		-	151,382		169,993	
Other	_	312,715		215,034					245,456		282,320	
		778,024		477,935					644,426		505,868	
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$	648,592	\$	80,704	\$	35,808	\$	172,608	\$ 31,429	\$	244,650	